



THE TRIAL HIRE PLAYBOOK

GREAT INTERVIEW. BAD HIRE.

A Recruiting & Hiring Strategy for the High-Ticket Sales Space

The data-backed strategy for hiring sales reps that actually work — and firing the ones that don't before they take a bazooka to your pipeline.

BY ZACH BROWN

SALES PIPELINE PROS

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CHAPTER 01

Hiring Is Guessing (And You're Losing)

Let me say the quiet part loud.

Every hire you've ever made was a guess.

You posted a job, you looked at some resumes, you got on a Zoom call, and you tried to figure out if the person on the other side of the screen was going to make you money or cost you money.

You asked them about their experience. You asked them to handle a mock objection. You liked their vibe. You hired them.

And then you hoped for the best.

Here is the uncomfortable truth: **there is no interview process on Earth that reliably predicts job performance.**

Google, a company with infinite resources and some of the smartest data scientists on the planet, spent years analyzing tens of thousands of their own interviews. Their conclusion?

"We looked at tens of thousands of interviews, and everyone who had done the interviews and what they scored the candidate, and how that person ultimately performed in their job. We found zero relationship." — Laszlo Bock, former SVP of People Operations at Google

When you hire based on an interview, you are rolling the dice. And in the high-ticket sales space, the dice are loaded against you.

According to a landmark study by Leadership IQ that tracked 20,000 new hires, **46% of them failed within 18 months.** Only 19% achieved unequivocal success.

46%

Failed within 18 months

89%

Failed due to attitude, not skill

19%

Achieved unequivocal success

And here is the kicker: 89% of those failures had nothing to do with whether the person could actually do the job. They failed because of coachability, emotional intelligence, motivation, and temperament.

You cannot test for coachability in a 30-minute Zoom call. You cannot test for grit by asking “tell me about a time you overcame a challenge.”

The only way to know if someone can do the work is to watch them do the work.

So what do you do?

Guess better.

The Thesis of This Playbook: Hire fast. Fire faster. Promote the fastest. Use short, structured trial periods to generate real performance data before making a long-term commitment.

CHAPTER 02

The Real Cost of Getting It Wrong

Business owners love to talk about “scaling.” Hiring closers. Building a sales team. Nobody wants to talk about what happens when that hire doesn't work out.

In the corporate world, the U.S. Department of Labor estimates that a bad hire costs a minimum of 30% of their first-year earnings.

But you aren't in the corporate world. You are in high-ticket sales.

In this space, 99% of your reps are 1099 independent contractors working on commission only.

Because you aren't paying a base salary, it is easy to trick yourself into thinking a bad hire doesn't cost you anything. *“If they don't close, they don't get paid. No risk, right?”*

Wrong.

The cost of a bad hire in high-ticket sales isn't salary. It is **opportunity cost and burned pipeline.**

The Math

I recently analyzed my own internal data of 273 high-ticket sales companies across the coaching, consulting, and agency ecosystem.

Here are the baseline economics of a typical high-ticket offer:

- **Average Offer Price:** \$8,000
- **Average Close Rate (Good Closer):** 25%
- **Average Close Rate (Bad Closer):** 10%
- **Cost Per Booked Call (Paid Ads):** ~\$250
- **No-Show Rate:** 25% (meaning a *shown* call costs you \$333)

Now, let's say you hire a “closer” who sounded great on the interview. You feed them 100 shown calls over their first two months.

\$200KGood Closer (25% CR)
25 deals at \$8K**\$80K**Bad Hire (10% CR)
10 deals at \$8K**\$120K**Revenue lost to
bad hire

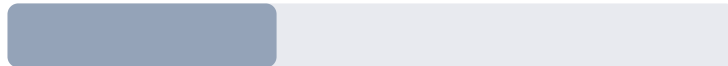
And that doesn't even account for the \$33,300 you spent on ads to generate those 100 shown calls. In Scenario B, your Return on Ad Spend (ROAS) is a dangerous 2.4x. In Scenario A, it's a highly profitable 6x.

Return on Ad Spend Comparison

Good Closer (25%)

**6.0x ROAS**

Bad Hire (10%)

**2.4x ROAS**

The Turnover Reality

If you think you can just fire the bad rep and replace them quickly, the data says otherwise.

Based on my experience placing hundreds of reps — and cross-referencing this with other top recruiting agencies in the space — **turnover in high-ticket sales is staggering.**

When I looked at over 500 recent hires across the industry, the data was brutal: **80% to 85% of reps churn within their first six months.**

My broader market intelligence report confirms this reality: while 62% of companies can point to at least *one* rep who has been with them for over a year, only 12% to 26% of all individual reps actually cross the one-year mark.

80–85%

Churn within 6 months

12–26%

Cross the 1-year mark

\$33,300

Ad spend on 100 calls

The market churns through talent at a terrifying rate. Every time you hire the wrong person, you reset the clock. You burn leads, you waste management time, and you lose momentum.

The cost of a structured 30-day trial is a rounding error compared to the cost of getting it wrong.

CHAPTER 03

Why Your Interview Process Is Lying to You

I need to ruin something for you.

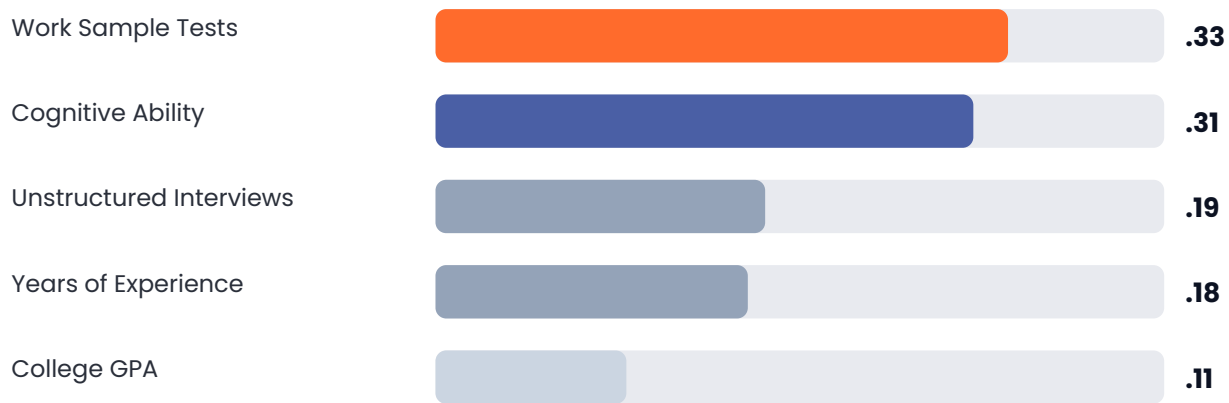
If you are like most business owners, you think you are a good judge of character. You think you have a “gut feeling” about people.

You don't.

In 2022, Sackett, Zhang, Berry, and Lievens published a massive meta-analysis in the *Journal of Applied Psychology*. They reviewed 85 years of personnel selection research to determine what actually predicts job performance.

Here are the validity coefficients (how accurately a method predicts performance, with 1.0 being perfect):

Selection Method	Validity
Work Sample Tests (Trial Hires)	.33
Cognitive Ability Tests	.31
Unstructured Interviews	.19
Years of Experience	.18
College GPA	.11



Translation: The unstructured interview — the exact format 90% of business owners use — is barely better than flipping a coin.

Years of experience? Practically useless.

Why? Because the person who sounds the best on your interview call may literally be the worst closer in the applicant pool.

In fact, a 2008 study by Verbeke et al. found that verbal intelligence actually *negatively correlates* with sales performance. The people who talk the most smoothly on an interview are often the ones who fail to listen, fail to diagnose the prospect's real pain, and fail to close the deal.

The Bias Stack

When you rely on interviews, you fall victim to the Bias Stack:

- **Anchoring:** You over-value the first piece of information you hear.
- **The Halo Effect:** They went to a good school or worked at a company you respect, so you assume they are good at everything.
- **Affinity Bias:** They like the same sports team or grew up in the same state, so you like them more.
- **Confirmation Bias:** You decide you like them in the first 30 seconds, and spend the next 29 minutes looking for reasons to justify your decision.

A 2016 study found that adding unstructured interview data to a hiring process actually *reduced* hiring accuracy from 69% to 62%.

Stop treating the interview like the answer. The real answer comes from real work.

CHAPTER 04

The Trial Hire — What It Is and Why It Works

A Trial Hire is a 2-to-4 week structured engagement where a candidate performs real work for real compensation. Both sides evaluate the fit before making a long-term commitment.

It is a paid, mutual audition.

Critical Distinction: This is not an unpaid internship. This is not “work for free until you prove yourself.” That is a fast track to a lawsuit and a guaranteed way to repel top talent.

Why High-Ticket Sales is Built for Trials

In B2B enterprise software, a sales cycle can take 6 to 12 months. You cannot run a 30-day trial for an enterprise Account Executive because they won't close a single deal in that time.

But high-ticket sales? Deal cycles are 1 to 2 calls.

If you give a closer enough lead volume, you can get meaningful, statistically significant close-rate data within 2 to 3 weeks. That is faster than almost any other industry. You have a natural advantage here — use it.

The Math of a Trial Hire

Let's address the elephant in the room: paying for the trial.

The industry standard in high-ticket sales is zero. Most companies offer commission-only from Day 1 and call it a “trial.” That is also why most companies churn through 80-85% of their reps in six months.

If you want to stand out from every other offer on the market and attract reps who actually have options, **market the role with trial hire pay**. This is your competitive advantage. While every other company is posting “commission-only, prove yourself” roles, you are posting a role that says: *“We pay you during the trial because we take this seriously.”*

Here is the principle: do not pick a number. Let the rep tell you.

Once you have identified the candidates you want to move forward with, ask them a simple question: *"What kind of compensation would you need during the 2-to-4 week trial period to make this work for you?"*

Let them name their number. You will be surprised — most reps are reasonable. They are not looking to get rich during a trial. They are looking for a signal that you respect their time and that this is a real opportunity, not another revolving door.

This does three things:

- **It filters for seriousness.** A rep who names a reasonable number is someone who has thought about their finances, understands the arrangement, and is committed to showing up. A rep who asks for an absurd amount is telling you they are not bought in.
- **It builds trust from Day 1.** You are starting the relationship by asking what they need instead of dictating terms. That is the foundation of a partnership, not a transaction.
- **It gives you leverage in negotiation.** You now know their floor. You can meet it, counter it, or structure it creatively (e.g., a smaller weekly fee plus accelerated commission during the trial).

Whatever number you land on, compare it to the \$120,000 in lost revenue and \$33,300 in burned ad spend from a bad hire. The trial pay is a rounding error.

"But Top Talent Won't Accept a Trial"

False.

Confident A-players love this.

They know they are good. They want the opportunity to prove it in a real environment rather than competing in a "who can interview better" contest against someone with less skill but more charisma.

The whole point of the Trial Hire is that the current rep **does not need to quit their current setup to trial with you.** You are not requiring exclusivity during the 30 days. You are giving them a safe runway to test your offer, your lead quality, and your management style.

The ones who balk at a paid trial? They were probably going to flame out anyway.

CHAPTER 05

The Legal Stuff You Can't Ignore

Disclaimer: I am a recruiter, not an employment attorney. This is not legal advice. Consult a lawyer.

Here is where I am going to make some people uncomfortable.

99% of closers and setters in the high-ticket space are classified as 1099 independent contractors.

And most of them are being treated exactly like W-2 employees.

The IRS uses a strict framework to determine worker classification based on three categories: Behavioral Control, Financial Control, and the Type of Relationship.

Most high-ticket sales roles fail these tests spectacularly. If you mandate daily team calls, require them to use your company CRM, enforce specific calling windows, provide them with company-generated leads, and demand exclusivity... you do not have an independent contractor. You have an employee.

The “1099 Trial Period” Trap

Many business owners think they can classify someone as a 1099 contractor “just for the trial period” and then transition them to W-2 if they work out.

This is generally illegal.

If the nature of the work and the relationship is identical during the trial as it will be during employment, you cannot use a 1099 classification as a probationary workaround.

The Right Way to Structure Trial Hires

You have three compliant options:

1. The Genuine 1099 Contractor (Project-Based): If you want them to be a 1099, treat them like one. Define specific deliverables (e.g., “Handle 30 inbound consultations”). Exercise zero behavioral control over *how* or *when* they do the work. Pay them an agreed-upon flat project fee plus commission.

2. The Compliant W-2 Introductory Period: Hire them as a W-2 employee from Day 1. Frame the first 30 days as an “introductory period” (not “probationary”). If they fail the trial, terminate their at-will employment.

3. The Temp-to-Perm Agency Route: Use a staffing agency to handle the W-2 obligations for the first 30 to 90 days. If you hire them permanently, you pay the agency a conversion fee.

Bottom line: The Trial Hire is incredibly effective, but you must structure it legally. Get a lawyer to draft your agreements.

CHAPTER 06

The Playbook — How to Actually Run a Trial Hire

This is the chapter that pays for the whole book.

You cannot just throw someone on the phones for 30 days and see what happens. A Trial Hire requires a structured, data-driven pipeline.

The 5-Stage Pipeline

STAGE 1

Application & Intake

Standardized application plus a mandatory 3-minute video submission (Loom). You are filtering for basic communication skills and ability to follow instructions.

STAGE 2

Initial Screening

A 15-to-30 minute structured interview using a scorecard. You are testing for culture fit and basic sales acumen, not trying to make a final hiring decision.

STAGE 3

Mini-Trial (1–3 Days)

A paid, low-risk test before the full 30-day trial. *Example:* Have them review three recorded sales calls and write a one-page diagnosis of what the rep did well and where they lost the deal. Compensate them for their time. You will learn more about their sales IQ from this one exercise than from three hours of interviewing.

STAGE 4

Full Trial (2–4 Weeks)

The candidate enters a live selling environment with real leads, clear metrics, and weekly check-ins.

STAGE 5

Go / No-Go Decision

A data-driven evaluation using pre-defined scorecards. No ambiguity. The numbers either support keeping them or they don't.

What to Measure During the Trial (The Formulas)

In a 2-to-4 week trial, **leading indicators must be weighted more heavily than lagging indicators**. The core question is: *"Is this person doing the right things in the right way?"*

Every offer is different. A \$25,000 B2B consulting package will have different metrics than a \$3,000 fitness coaching program.

Instead of giving you arbitrary numbers, here is the formula to calculate your own benchmarks based on your specific economics:

1. Activity Metrics (Leading Indicators)

You need to define the minimum input required to generate your desired output.

Formula for Daily Calls:

$$(\text{Target Monthly Revenue} / \text{Average Offer Price}) / (\text{Your Average Close Rate}) = \text{Total Calls Needed Per Month}$$

Divide by 20 working days = Daily Call Target

Example: (\$100k Target / \$8k Offer) / 25% Close Rate = 50 Calls/Month = 2.5 Shown Calls/Day

During a trial, the rep should hit 80% of this target by Week 2, and 100% by Week 3.

2. Early Results (Lagging Indicators)

You need to know if they can actually close.

Formula for Trial Close Rate:

Look at your *average* closer's conversion rate. A trial rep should be hitting at least 60% to 70% of that average by the end of Week 3.

Example: If your team averages a 25% close rate, a trial rep should be closing at 15% to 17.5% by Week 3. If they are closing at 5%, cut them.

3. Behavioral Metrics (Highest Weight)

This is where 89% of hires fail.

- **Coachability (Weight: 30%):** How quickly do they implement feedback? This is the #1 predictor of long-term success.
- **Activity Compliance (Weight: 25%):** Do they hit the daily targets without being chased?
- **CRM Hygiene (Weight: 20%):** A proxy for professionalism and process orientation.
- **Cultural Alignment (Weight: 25%):** Participation, collaboration, attitude.



The 30-Day Model — Week by Week

Week 1: Training and Shadowing

Learn the offer. Watch call recordings. Practice scripts. Understand the CRM. Sit in on live calls with top performers.

Evaluate: Engagement, learning speed, quality of questions asked.

Weeks 2–3: Supervised Selling

Start taking live calls with mentor support. Gradually increase independence. Daily debriefs on calls taken.

Evaluate: Call quality, coachability, activity levels, conversion on initial calls. By the end of Week 3, they should have taken 20 to 30 calls and closed at least a couple of deals.

Week 4: Independent Selling

Full metrics tracking. Full lead allocation. Full autonomy.

Evaluate: Close rate, activity volume, pipeline management, communication consistency.

End of Week 4: Go/No-Go

Score the rubric. Review all data points. Make the call.

Red Flags During Trial: Declining activity levels, resistance to coaching, missed meetings, inconsistent CRM logging, blaming external factors for poor performance.

Green Flags During Trial: Increasing metrics week over week, proactive questions, self-sourcing opportunities, clean CRM hygiene without being told.

For “maybe” candidates: define 2-to-3 specific improvements, grant a 1-to-2 week extension with intensified check-ins, and default to “no” if the trajectory isn’t clearly upward.

The absence of a clear yes is a clear no.

CHAPTER 07

The Rep's Perspective — Why They'll Love This

Here is where most business owners get it wrong.

They think a trial hire is a one-way evaluation. Like they are doing the rep a favor by “letting them prove themselves.”

Nah.

A properly structured trial hire is a **mutual audition**. And good reps — the ones you actually want — know this. They are not just proving themselves to you. They are testing *you*.

What Reps Are Actually Evaluating

During a trial, a smart rep is looking at:

- **Lead Quality:** Are these actual warm leads or recycled garbage?
- **Support Systems:** Is there onboarding? Training? Or just “here's the CRM, good luck”?
- **Management Quality:** Does the founder actually know their numbers? Are they reasonable?
- **The Offer Itself:** Does it actually convert? Is there product-market fit?
- **Culture:** Is this a team or a revolving door?
- **Compensation Fairness:** Is the commission structure sustainable?

For reps reading this: If a company offers you a structured, paid trial with clear metrics and transparent expectations — that is a GREEN flag. It means they have thought about their process, they value your time, and they are confident enough in their offer to let you test it. The companies that should worry you are the ones who “hire” you in 24 hours, throw you on the phones, and ghost you when the results aren't instant.

How to Frame This to Candidates

Messaging matters. Here is what works:

- *"We do a 2-to-4 week paid trial because we've found it's the best way for BOTH sides to know if this is the right fit. You're evaluating us just as much as we're evaluating you."*
- *"What kind of compensation would you need during the trial to make this work for you?"*
- *"We guarantee a minimum lead volume during the trial so you have a fair shot."*
- *"Here is exactly what we're measuring, here is what good looks like, and here is what happens at the end of the trial."*

CHAPTER 08

Making the Switch

I get it. You have been hiring the old way forever. “Post the role. Interview. Hire. Hope.”

Switching to a trial hire model feels like a lot. But here is the thing — you don’t have to overhaul everything overnight.

Start With Your Next Hire

You don’t need a perfect system to start. You need:

- A written agreement covering the trial terms (duration, compensation, metrics, and exit criteria).
- A scorecard with your evaluation criteria weighted and defined.
- A buddy or mentor assigned to the trial hire.
- Enough leads to give them a fair shot.
- A calendar date for the go/no-go decision.

That is it. Start there. Refine after every trial. The first version doesn’t have to be perfect. It just has to be better than *“let’s hire this person and see what happens.”*

The Mindset Shift

The hardest part isn’t the logistics. It is the mental shift from:

Old Mindset	New Mindset
“We need to find the right person”	“We need to find out fast”
“Interviews tell me what I need to know”	“Only real work tells me what I need”
“Let’s give them time to ramp up”	“Let’s see the trajectory in 30 days”
“Firing means we failed”	“A trial ending means the system worked”
“We invested too much to quit now”	“Every day we wait costs more”

When you build a trial hire system, your retention rate climbs because you are only keeping people who have already proven fit. Your onboarding gets tighter because you are forced to systematize it. Your lead ROI improves because fewer leads get wasted on reps who can't close. And your stress level drops because you are making decisions based on data, not hope.

FINAL THOUGHTS

Hiring is guessing. It always has been. And that's okay.

What is NOT okay is spending six figures to confirm a guess when you could have gotten the answer in 30 days for a fraction of the cost.

The trial hire isn't a new idea. The science has supported it for decades. World-class companies have operationalized it. The data is overwhelming.

The only thing missing is you implementing it.

Hire fast. Fire faster. Promote the fastest. Great interview. Bad hire. Fix that.

— **Zach Brown**, *Sales Pipeline Pros*

WHAT TO DO NEXT

You now have the playbook. You know the math. You know the 5-Stage Pipeline. You know the exact mindset shift required to stop burning leads on bad hires.

You have two choices.

Option 1: Do It Yourself

You can spend the next 40 hours building the scorecards, sourcing the candidates, reviewing dozens of Loom videos, managing the 30-day trial process, and hoping you got the legal structure right. It is hard work, but it is worth it.

Option 2: Let Me Do It For You

If you are a business owner doing \$50k+ a month, your time is too valuable to spend digging through resumes and managing trial logistics.

At **Sales Pipeline Pros**, I source, vet, and place top-tier reps who are ready to enter your Trial Hire system.

Here is how it works:

- I find the A-players.
- I run them through the initial screening and Loom evaluations.
- I hand you a curated shortlist of pre-vetted candidates ready for a 30-day trial.
- **You pay a flat \$3,000 fee ONLY after the hire is made.**
- If the rep churns within the first month (which happens about 25% of the time, even with the best vetting), **I replace them for free.**

Let's get you a closer who actually closes.

Book a Call to Discuss Your Next Hire

salespipelinepros.agency

APPENDIX

The Trial Hire Toolkit

Here are the frameworks and templates you need to run your first Trial Hire without starting from scratch.

Template 1: The 30-Day Trial Scorecard

Use this rubric to evaluate your rep objectively at the end of the trial.

1. Coachability (30%)

- **1 (Fail):** Defensive when given feedback. Repeats the same mistakes. Blames external factors.
- **3 (Pass):** Accepts feedback but requires multiple reminders to implement it consistently.
- **5 (Exceptional):** Proactively asks for feedback. Implements it immediately on the next call. Never makes the same mistake twice.

2. Activity Compliance (25%)

- **1 (Fail):** Consistently misses daily call/outreach targets. Excuses for low volume.
- **3 (Pass):** Hits targets most days, but requires management follow-up.
- **5 (Exceptional):** Exceeds daily targets. Self-sources opportunities. Never needs to be reminded about volume.

3. Early Results / Conversion (25%)

- **1 (Fail):** Closing below 10% on qualified, shown calls by Week 3.
- **3 (Pass):** Closing at 15-20% (or roughly 60-70% of your veteran reps' average).
- **5 (Exceptional):** Closing at 25%+ on par with or exceeding your veteran reps.

4. CRM Hygiene & Professionalism (20%)

- **1 (Fail):** Notes are missing or vague. Pipeline is messy. Late to meetings.
- **3 (Pass):** Notes are adequate. Pipeline is generally updated by end of day. On time.
- **5 (Exceptional):** Impeccable notes. Pipeline is perfectly accurate in real-time. Early to meetings, prepared with questions.

The Go/No-Go Decision:

- Score of 18–20: **Clear Yes.** (Hire them immediately)
- Score of 14–17: **Maybe.** (Extend trial by 1–2 weeks with specific, measurable improvement goals)
- Score of 13 or below: **Clear No.** (Terminate trial)

Template 2: The Trial Agreement Outline

This is the structural outline of a compliant 1099 Trial Agreement. Have your attorney draft the final version based on this framework.

1. Scope of Work (The Deliverables)

- Define the exact expectations (e.g., “Contractor will conduct up to 40 inbound sales consultations over a 30-day period”).
- Do not mandate specific hours. Define the *output*, not the *input*.

2. Term and Termination

- Explicitly state the start and end dates (e.g., “This Agreement shall commence on [Date] and terminate on [Date], not to exceed 30 days”).
- Include a clause that either party may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause, with 24 hours' written notice.

3. Compensation Structure

- **Project Fee:** [Agreed-upon amount] per week, paid weekly, for the completion of the defined scope of work. (Remember: let the rep name their number. See Chapter 4.)
- **Commission:** [X]% of cash collected on deals closed during the trial period.
- **Payment Terms:** Commissions paid on the [1st and 15th] of the month following the collection of funds.

4. Independent Contractor Status

- Explicitly state that the worker is an independent contractor, not an employee.
- State that the contractor is responsible for their own taxes, insurance, and benefits.

- State that the contractor is free to provide services to other clients during the term of this agreement (No Exclusivity).

5. Confidentiality & Non-Solicitation

- Standard NDA language protecting your leads, CRM data, and intellectual property.
 - Non-solicitation clause preventing them from taking your clients if the trial ends.
-

Template 3: The Day 1 Kit Checklist

Do not start a trial until you have these assets ready. This dramatically reduces your onboarding time and sets the rep up for success from Day 1.

Access & Logins: Email address, Slack/Discord access, CRM login, Calendar links.

The Offer Doc: A 1-to-2 page summary of what you sell, who it is for, the exact deliverables, and the price points.

The Script/Framework: Your standard sales call structure (Discovery, Pitch, Objection Handling).

The Objection Vault: A document listing the top 5 most common objections (Price, Partner, Time, Think About It) and exactly how your best reps handle them.

The Call Library: Links to 3 recordings of excellent closed-won calls, and 2 recordings of lost calls with notes on why they were lost.

The Buddy Assignment: The name and contact info of a veteran rep who will answer their day-to-day questions (so they don't bother you every hour).

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